1 BEFORE THE BOARD OF PERSONNEL APPEALS 2 * 3 IN THE MATTER OF THE UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICE CHARGE #20-76: 4 DANIEL JAMES MULLAN, PRESIDENT, VICTOR FEDERATION OF TEACHERS, 5 Complainant, 6 FINAL ORDER -vs-7 DUANE W. REAGAN, SUPERINTENDENT 8 OF SCHOOLS, VICTOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS, 9 Defendant. 10 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * 11 The Board of Personnel Appeals, having heard oral argument 12 in the above-captioned matter on January 18, 1977, finds as 13 follows: 14 IT IS ORDERED, that the Exceptions to the Hearing Examiner's 15 Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Recommended Order, filed 16 December 9, 1976, by Duane W. Reagan, Superintendent of Victor 17 Public Schools, are denied. 18 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, that the Findings of Fact, Conclusions 19 of Law and Recommended Order of the Hearing Examiner, Mr. Jeff 20 Andrews, dated November 17, 1976, are upheld as written. 21 DATED this 27th day of January, 1977. 22 BOARD OF PERSONNEL APPEALS 23 24 25 Chairman 26 27 (ATTACHMENT B) 28 29 30



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IN THE MATTER OF UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICE: ULP - #20-76 1 2 DANIEL JAMES MULLAN, PRESIDENT VICTOR FEDERATION OF TEACHERS, 3 Complainant, FINDINGS OF FACT 4 -vs-CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND RECOMMENDED ORDER 5 DUANE W. REAGAN, SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS, VICTOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS, Defendant. 6 7 8 On July 2, 1976, Mr. Daniel J. Mullan, President of the Victor Federation 9 of Teachers, affiliated with the Montana Federation of Teachers, filed an unfair labor practice charge with the Montana State Board of Personnel Appeals against 10 Duane W. Reagan, Superintendent of Schools, Victor Public Schools. 11 The charge alleges that Section 59-1605(1)(e), R.C.M., 1947, has been 12 13 violated in that Mr. Reagan has refused to bargain in good faith with the Victor 14 Federation of Teachers. 15 A hearing in the above captioned matter was held on October 6, 1976, in the Conference Room of the Ravalli County Courthouse, Hamilton, Montana. The 16 Victor Federation of Teachers was represented by Mr. David L. Astle of the 17 18 law firm of Astle and Astle, Kalispell, Montana; Mr. Reagan represented himself. 19 As the duly appointed hearing examiner of the Board of Personnel Appeals, I conducted the hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Montana 20 Administrative Procedures Act (Sections 82-4201 to 82-4225, R.C.M., 1947). 21 22 After a thorough review of the record of this case, I make the following: 23 FINDINGS OF FACT 1. That the Victor Federation of Teachers has been certified as the 24 25 exclusive representative for the teachers in the Victor Public Schools. 26 2. That there is currently no contract in effect between the Federation 27 and the School District. 28 3. That no negotiations toward writing a contract have been held. 29 4. That Mr. Mullan, President of the Federation, has requested of Mr. Reagan, Superintendent of Victor Schools, that negotiations commence. 30 5. That Mr. Reagan, on behalf of the School Board, has offered to 31 32 negotiate a master contract for the 1977-78 school year, but has refused to negotiate a master contract for the 1976-77 school year.

6. That the Victor teachers have signed individual contracts with the School Board for the 1976-77 school year.

DISCUSSION

The Victor Federation of Teachers has been authorized as the exclusive representative of the Victor teachers, yet there is no master contract between the Victor Federation of Teachers and the Victor School Board and no negotiations have taken place toward reaching such a contract.

Mr. Reagan, as an agent of the School Board, has refused to bargain on the grounds that the individual contracts with the teachers are binding and sufficient and that the newly certified representative, the V.F.T., must honor these contracts signed prior to the V.F.T.'s certification.

In unfair labor practice cases, we can often look to decisions of the National Labor Relations Board for guidance as the NLRB is charged with interpreting statutes which are virtually identical to our Montana statutes in this area.

The NLRB has consistently held that when one exclusive representative succeeds another, the successor organization is not bound by any agreements made by the previous representative. The most definitive interpretation takes place in the American Seating Corporation decision which states:

". . . workers who lawfully changed their bargaining agent are not bound by contract negotiated by them as principals through their old bargaining agent beyond the time of the new bargaining agent's certification."

Put in the simplest terms, a new certified representative is entitled to negotiate a new contract, and refusal of the employer to bargain is a perse violation of the good faith bargaining duty.

The question of individual teaching contracts has been raised and should be answered. The Montana Legislature has placed teachers under the Public Employees Collective Bargaining Act. Yet, the Legislature provides for individual contracts for teachers, a provision not made for any other public employees.

It is a fundamental principle of statutory interpretation that statutes must be interpreted, if possible, so that they are not conflicting. Therefore,

1. American Seating Corporation, 106 NLRB 250, 32 LRRM 1439 (1953)



in interpreting the action of the Legislature of placing the teachers under the Public Employees Collective Bargaining Act, which gives public employees the right to bargain collectively and to engage in other concerted activities, along with Section 75-6102, R.C.M., 1947, requiring the issuance of individual contracts, it becomes obvious that the intention of the Legislature was not to allow the substitution of individual contracts to that of the master agreement. Such a substitution would remove the collective from collective bargaining.

Mr. Reagan contends that individual contracts can substitute for a master agreement. I can find no justification for such a contention. Were there a master agreement in effect, it would still not be binding on the V.F.T. as a successor representative is not bound to agreements made by the previous representative. Therefore, I can find no justification for Mr. Reagan's refusal to negotiate a contract with the V.F.T.

It should be noted that while Mr. Reagan is named as the defendant in this action it is well understood that it is in his capacity as Superintendent of Schools that he is charged. In this capacity he is the chief executive agent for the School Board. It is virtually impossible to separate Mr. Reagan's actions from those of the School Board. Therefore, any recommended affirmative action shall be incumbent upon not only Mr. Reagan but on the Victor School Board as well.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The allegation that Duane W. Reagan, Superintendent of Victor Schools, has engaged in an unfair labor practice within the meaning of Section 59-1605(1)(e) R.C.M., 1947, by refusing to negotiate in good faith with an exclusive representative, has been sustained.

 For further discussion on the matter of individual teaching contracts, see Board of Personnel Appeals, ULP #17, 1976, Final Order, which is recommended because of its clarity and eloquence.



RECOMMENDED ORDER

2	It is hereby ordered that Duane W. Reagan, Superintendent of Victor
3	Schools:
4	1. Cease and desist from failing to bargain in good faith with the
5	Victor Federation of Teachers relative to the drafting of a master agreement.
6	2. Take the following affirmative action:
7	(a) Upon request of the Federation, meet and bargain
8	collectively, in good faith, regarding wages, hours,
9	and other conditions of employment.
10	(b) Notify the Administrator of the Board of Personnel
11	Appeals, in writing, of what steps have been taken to
12	comply herewith.
13	DATED this _/7th day of November, 1976.
14	BOARD OF PERSONNEL APPEALS
15	· MAC
16	By White
17	Hearing Examiner
18	******************
19	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
20	I, Janice M. Fishburn, hereby certify and state that I mailed a true
21	and correct copy of the FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND RECOMMENDED
22	ORDER to the following:
23	Duane W. Reagan Daniel James Mullan Supt. of Schools President
24	Victor Public Schools Victor Federation of Teachers
25	Victor, MT 59875 112 Crestline Drive Missoula, MT 59801
28	James McGarvey David L. Astle, Attorney at Law Executive Director Astle & Astle
27	Montana Federation of Teachers 705 Main
28	Helena, MT 59601
29	DATED this 17th day of November, 1976.
30	DATED this // day of November, 1976. Janice M. Fishburn
31	y Janice II. Transutii



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